## FOURTH B. H. M. S. EXAMINATION (NEW COURSE) PRACTICE OF MEDICINE PAPER-I

Durat	ion; 03.00 Hrs.	
Instru	ction: [1] All the Questions are compulsory.	
	[2] Write the Both Sections in Separate answer Book.	
	[3] Draw Diagrams where ever Necessary.	
	[4] Figures to the right indicate full Marks.	
	SECTION I	
Q-1	Define Murphy's sign. Describe Aetiopathogenesis, C/F, complication and management of	15
Α.	Acute cholecystitis in detail. OR	
Q - 1	Draw region of Abdominal area. Describe various causes of Hepatomegaly.	15
ν.	Write down any one complication of Cirrhosis of liver in detail.	
Q - 2	Define Jaundice. Enumerate the various function of liver.	15
Q - 2	Describe Liver function test in detail. OR	
	Describe Enter random test an arrangement and arrangement and arrangement and arrangement	
	1. Type 1 Hypersensitive reaction.	
	2.Describe C/F & complication of Acute pancreatitis.	
Q - 3	Short note.(3 out of 5).	15
4 3	1.Explain C/F and management of Datura poisoning.	
	2.Explain C/F and management of Naja poisoning.	
	3.Heat stroke.	
	4.Burn	
	5. Type IV Hypersensitive reaction.	
Q-4	Objective questions (5 out of 5) HyperKalamia	05
ν,	1.Locus 2.Allele 3.Hypekalamia 4.Phenotype 5.Haemophilia	
	SECTION II	
Q - 1	Define Whooping cough. Describe C/F, physical effects and homeopathic management of it	15
ν.	with Drosera, Cuprum Met and Mephitis. OR	
Q - 1	Define Status Asthmaticus. Describe etiopathogenesis, types, C/F and Homeopathic	15
ν.	management of Bronchial asthama in detail.	
Q-2	Describe difference between Gastric ulcer & Duodenal ulcer. Explain Homeopathic	15
~ -	management of it in detail. OR	
	1.GORD-Phytolacca & Zincum met.	
	2.Malabsorption syndrome - Nux.vomica & Lycopodium	
0 - 3		15
	1.Down's syndrome-Baryta.carb	
	2.COPD-Kali.carb	
	3. Chronic bronchitis-Ipecac	
	4. Hyponatraemia-Nat.mur	
	5.Hepatitis-Cardus M.	
Q-4	Objective questions (5 out of 5)	05
	1. Hot days & cold nights towards the close of summer	
	2.Coryza ends in diarrhea	
	3. Commonly used remedy in diphtheric paralysis	
	4. Tubercular deposits begin in apex of lung.	
	5. Modality of Asthma in Medorrhinum	